Sustainable Growth Commission

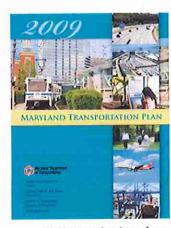
Briefing on the **Maryland Transportation Plan**

January 28, 2013



2035 MTP - An Overview

- Last done in 2009
- Establishes a 20-year vision, goals, objectives and strategies for MDOT.
- · 20-year forecast of State transportation needs based on the financial resources anticipated to be available.
- Include a summary of the types of projects and programs to achieve goals and objectives.
- · Advisory Committee pending.



www.mdot.maryland.gov/mtp

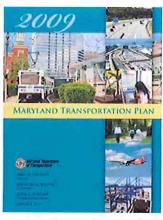






2035 MTP - Framework

- Refresh current MTP strategic vision
- Refine MTP goals & objectives to support vision/mission
- Use performance measures to track progress
- Develop quantitative, strategybased 'scenarios' to examine how policy choices affect achievement of goals & objectives
- Develop a long-range transportation plan by January 2014 that will guide transportation investments and help to benchmark progress.



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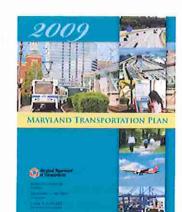




MTP Process & Schedule

Schedule

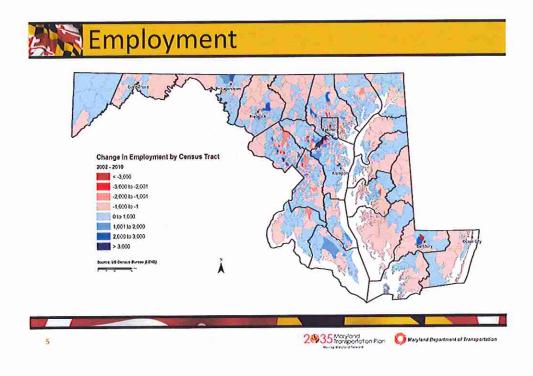
- Winter 2013:
 - Initiate Public Outreach Activities
 Assess Current Conditions, Trends and Issues Develop Goals, Objectives, and
 Performance Measures
 - **Assess Needs and Financial** Resources
- Spring 2013:
 - **Develop Alternative Investment** Scenarios
- Summer 2013:
 - Public Outreach Activities
 - Develop Implementation Strategies
- Fall 2013:
 - Public Outreach Activities
 - Prepare Draft 2035 MTP
- January 2014:
 - Release 2035 MTP



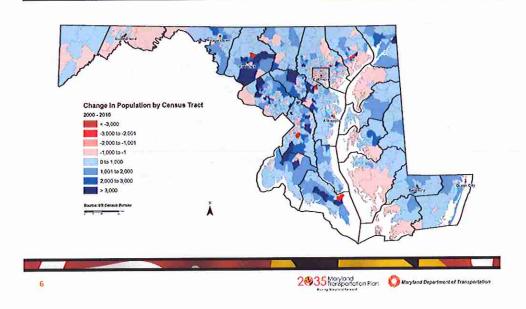
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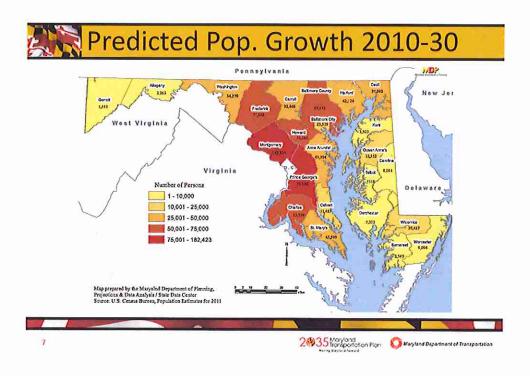




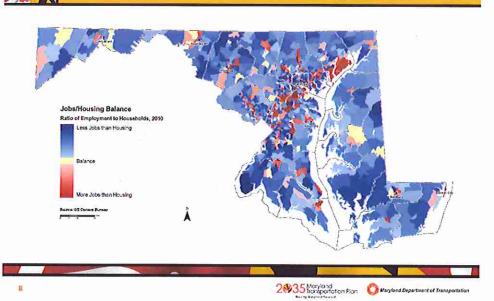


Population Growth 2000-2010

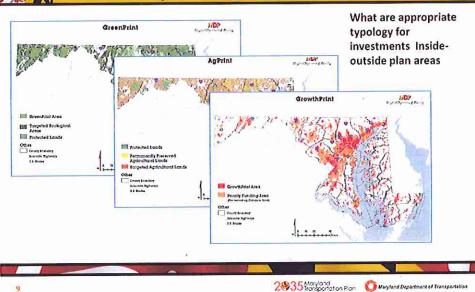




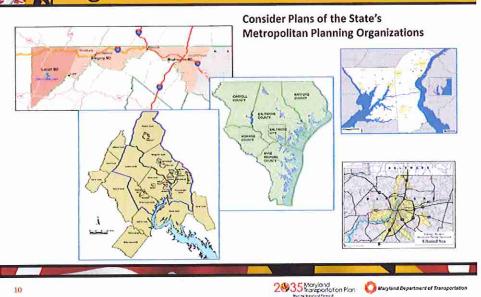
Sample Trends: Jobs/Housing Balance



PlanMaryland geographies



Regional Plans



5



Maryland Planning Visions (2009)

- Quality of Life and Sustainability: A high quality of life is achieved through universal stewardship of the land, water, and air resulting in sustainable communities and protection of the environment.
- communities and protection of the environment.

 <u>Public Participation</u>: Citizens are active partners in
 the planning and implementation of community
 initiatives and are Sensitive to their responsibilities in
 achieving community goals.

 <u>Growth Areas</u>: Growth is concentrated in existing
 population and business centers, growth areas
 adjacent to these centers, or strategically selected
 new centers. 2.
- 3.
- new centers.

 Community Design: Compact, mixed—use, walkable design consistent with existing community character and located near available or planned transit options is encouraged to ensure efficient use of land and transportation resources and preservation and enhancement of natural systems, open spaces, recreational areas, and historical, cultural, and archeological resources.

 Infrastructure: Growth areas have the water. 4.
- Infrastructure: Growth areas have the water resources and infrastructure to accommodate population and business expansion in an orderly, efficient, and environmentally sustainable manner; 5.
- Transportation: A well-maintained, multimodal transportation system facilitates the safe, convenient, affordable, and efficient movement of people, goods, and services within and between population and business centers; 6.

- Housing: A range of housing densities, types, and sizes provides residential options for citizens of all ages and
- Economic Development: Economic development and natural resource-based businesses that promote employment opportunities for all income levels within the capacity of the State's natural resources, public services, and public facilities are encouraged;
- Environmental Protection: Land and water resources, including the Chesapeake and coastal bays, are carefully managed to restore and maintain healthy air and water, natural systems, and living resources:
- 10. Resource Conservation: Waterways, forests, agricultural areas, open space, natural systems, and scenic areas are conserved:
- 11. Stewardship: Government, business entities, and residents are responsible for the creation of sustainable communities by collaborating to balance efficient growth with resource protection; and
- 12. Implementation: Strategies, policies, programs, and funding for growth and development, resource conservation, infrastructure, and transportation are integrated across the local, regional, state, and interstate levels to achieve these







Federal Legislation & Guidance

MAP-21

Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century



Waryland Department of Transportation

Potential Vision & Goal Areas



MTP Vision and Mission

Vision:

A world-class multimodal transportation system that supports a vibrant economy, a sustainable environment, and an excellent quality of life for all Marylanders.

Mission:

Provide Maryland with a well-maintained, sustainable, balanced and multimodal transportation system that supports the safe and efficient movement of people and goods

(Adapted from 2009 MTP)







Safety & Security

Enhance the safety of transportation system users and develop a transportation system that is resilient to natural or man-made hazards











System Preservation

Preserve and maintain the State's existing transportation systems and assets











Quality of Service

Maintain and enhance the quality of service experienced by users of Maryland's transportation system









Environmental Stewardship

Ensure that the delivery of the State's transportation infrastructure program conserves and enhances Maryland's natural, historic and cultural resources













Community Vitality

Provide options for the movement of people and goods that support communities and quality of life

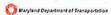














Economic Prosperity

Support a healthy and competitive Maryland economy





20





MARYLAND BICYCLE & PEDESTRIAN MASTER PLAN

WHAT IS THE BICYCLE & PEDESTRIAN MASTER PLAN The Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT) is leading an update of the current Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan, which was adopted in 2002. The Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan establishes a 20-year vision to support cycling and walking as modes of transportation in Maryland. The Plan will provide guidance and investment strategies to support cycling and walking, both on-road and off-road, as part of Maryland's multimodal transportation network.

STATEWIDE & FEDERAL PLANNING COORDINATION

The Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan will be coordinated with the Maryland Transportation Plan, or "MTP", and other key statewide planning efforts. It will also address recently enacted federal fransportation legislation, "Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century." The federal legislation, known as "MAP-21", introduced changes in federal funding opportunities for bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure, and introduced new requirements for performance measurement.

WHAT ARE THE UPCOMING KEY MILESTONES

The Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan is being updated on the same schedule as the MTP, in accordance with recent changes to State law. Both plans will be completed by January 2014.

Fall 2012:	0	Data Collection Initiate Public Outreach Activities
Winter 2013:	0	Assess Current Conditions, Trends and Issues Develop Goals, Objectives, and Performance Measures
Spring 2013:	0	Develop Framework for Bicycle and Pedestrian Networks
Summer 2013:	0	Develop Implementation Strategies
Fall 2013:		Prepare Draft Plan
January 2014:	0	Release Final Plan
	10.00	

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Kate Sylvester, Community Planner, MDOT ksylvester@mdot.state.md.us

GET INVOLVED

To sign up to receive newsletters and learn about more ways to get involved with the Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan Update process, please visit our project website at www.mdot.maryland.gov/blkewalkplan

Bicycle and Pedestrian Priorities Survey. As part of this effort, MDOT will be soliciting input through a public survey. The survey is scheduled to be available by January 2013. Please go to the Get Involved tab on our website to join our mailing list for the survey and other plan related news.





MARYLAND BICYCLE & PEDESTRIAN MASTER PLAN

WHY WE ARE UPDATING THE PLAN

State and local stakeholders have made significant progress in implementing the 2002 Plan. However, it is time to reassess user needs and refine our strategies in order to make Maryland a truly bike and pedestrian friendly state. In addition, State law requires the Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan be updated to remain consistent with the MTP.

We Have New Tools and Policies -

New State and federal programs and policies call for new strategies and criteria to help identify and select projects.

Updates of national traffic design manuals provide much greater detail and guidance regarding the planning and design of bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

New GIS and internet technologies allow for easier collaboration among state and local planning agencies, citizens and public officials.

The Maryland Trails Plan offers new data about off-road transportation trails.

Attitudes are Changing -

Many communities in Maryland and across the country are making a shift to prioritize biking and walking as important aspects of a complete transportation system.

Biking and walking allow citizens to live a more healthy lifestyle and can support the economic vitality of a community.

Biking and walking can help reduce household transportation spending, which is particularly important as fuel prices rise.

When safe and convenient facilities are present and conditions are favorable people are choosing to walk and bicycle.

WHAT THE PLAN WILL DO

- Give planners and elected officials a better understanding of user needs and opportunities for change
- Support key connections between communities, employment, trails and transit
- Develop strategies for targeting and prioritizing investments to best utilize limited resources and support a broad range of users
- Support creating cleaner, greener transportation options and healthy, active lifestyles
- Recommend performance measures for tracking progress in bicycle and pedestrian transportation
- Coordinate State, regional and local plans and initiatives, and share best practices from around the State and beyond

WHAT THE PLAN WILL NOT DO

- Result in a specific list of capital investment projects for the State or local agencies to build
- o Dictate a one-size-fits-all solution for Maryland's diverse communities



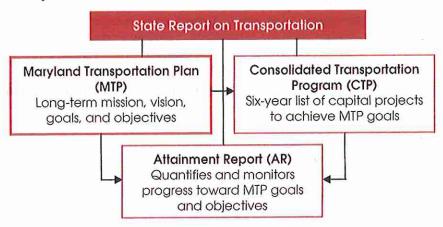


2035 MARYLAND TRANSPORTATION PLAN

WHAT IS THE 2035 MARYLAND TRANSPORTATION PLAN (MTP) A 20-year vision for transportation in Maryland developed through extensive public outreach to Maryland's citizens, government agencies, and interested organizations

- Outlines overarching transportation goals and priorities
- · Helps define transportation decision-making within larger context
- Guides policies, plans, and priorities throughout MDOT and its modal administrations

STATEWIDE TRANSPORTATION PLANNING The MTP is one component of the State Report on Transportation which also includes the Consolidated Transportation Program (CTP) and the Attainment Report on Transportation System Performance (AR). Together, these documents set the course and the implementation steps for carrying-out the State's mission and vision for transportation.



HOW IS THE MTP KEPT CURRENT AND WHAT ARE THE UPCOMING KEY MILESTONES The Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT) updates the MTP every five years and activities are underway to develop the 2035 MTP. MDOT will engage residents, businesses, governmental agencies, and other stakeholders so that the MTP's long-range vision, goals, and objectives reflect and respond to the needs of Maryland's citizens and businesses.

Fall 2012/ Winter 2013:	000	Conduct Public Engagement Assess Current Conditions, Trends Develop Goals, Objectives, and Performance Measures
Winter 2013:	0	Assess Needs and Financial Resources
Spring 2013:	0	Develop Alternative Investment Scenarios
Summer 2013:	0	Develop Implementation Strategies
Fall 2013:	0	Prepare 2035 MTP
January 2014:	9	Release 2035 MTP

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Michael J. Haley, Strategic Planning Manager, MDOT MDOT2035Plan@mdot.state.md.us

Visit the MTP web page at: www.mdot.maryland.gov/MTP



KEY DRIVERS OF THE 2035 MTP UPDATE

INCREASING DEMANDS ON THE SYSTEM

Demand on the system is increasing. Population, miles traveled, and freight traffic are all expected to increase in the coming years. Annual vehicle miles of travel in Maryland total 56 billion. Maryland's population in 2010 was over 5.7 million, and it's projected to increase by one million and produce an additional 600,000 jobs by 2035. Freight activity is expected to more than double by 2035.

Maryland has some of the worst congestion in the country. Metropolitan Washington, DC ranks 1st and Baltimore 6th in delay per auto commuter, with 74 and 52 hours wasted per commuter each year, respectively. Maryland residents have the longest average commute time to work (32 minutes) in the nation. Drivers travelling on Maryland's freeways/expressways experience a total annual delay of 40.6 million hours, consume 41 million gallons of extra fuel, and accrue \$1.49 billion of annual user costs due to congestion (which translates to more than 10 hours, 10 gallons and \$376 per licensed driver each year).

The State Highway Administration currently spends 82% of its capital budget just to maintain the highway system. There is little funding left for important economic development projects and these resources must be deployed as effectively as possible.

Public transit use in Maryland is nearly twice the national average. One of every 11 commuters uses public transit statewide.

IMPORTANCE OF TRANSPORTATION TO ECONOMY

Transportation investments across all modes deliver broad, substantial, and lasting benefits to Maryland's economy. Maryland's transportation spending of \$13 billion over the past five years generated:

Additional economic output totaling \$29 billion across the State including \$13 billion in wages to Maryland workers.

Transportation investment supported an average of **34,805 jobs** each year in the State, and supports more jobs than similar levels of spending on most other public investments.

A more efficient economy by reducing the cost of producing goods and services.

STATEWIDE & FEDERAL PLANNING COORDINATION

The MTP and other components of the State Report on Transportation must be coordinated with other key statewide planning efforts, as well as new federal planning provisions. New federal transportation legislation, known as "Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21)," introduces new requirements for performance measures and targets to be incorporated into long-range planning in areas of bridge condition, pavement condition, safety, system reliability, congestion, environment, freight, and transit state of good repair. The US Department of Transportation will evaluate the appropriateness of targets and progress in achieving performance targets.













